Name _____ Date _____ Class _____

Practice C
Polynomials

Find the degree and number of terms of each polynomial.

1. $5t^5 + 60 + 3t^3$

2. $9p + 31p^9 + 6p^2 - 42$

3. $-50 + 4r - r^3 + r^2 - 4r^5$

_____   _____   _____

_____   _____   _____

Simplify and write each polynomial in standard form. Then, give the leading coefficient.

4. $4g^3 + 8g - 4g^3 + 2g^2$ _____   _____

5. $13 - 5h^3 + h^2 - h$ _____   _____

6. $2(3x + 4) - 4x + 8x^2$ _____   _____

Classify each polynomial according to its degree and number of terms.

7. $6t^3 + 54t^4 - 1$ _____

8. $14 \cdot 3w^2 + w$ _____

9. $4(4s^2 - s) - 11 + s^7$ _____

Evaluate each polynomial for the given value.

10. $4m - 4 - 4m^3$ for $m = -2$ _____

11. $12y^7 - 6y^2 - 8y^3 - y$ for $y = -1$ _____

12. $-3a + a^3 - \dfrac{1}{3}a^2$ for $a = 3$ _____

13. A certain company's profit in dollars can be modeled with the polynomial
    $-\dfrac{1}{2}x^2 + 100x - 200$ where x is the number of items produced and sold.

    a. What is the profit if they produce and sell 10 of their products?   _____

    b. What is the profit if they produce and sell 100 of their products?   _____

    c. Evaluate the company's profit polynomial for $x = 0$. What does this
       number represent? _____

    _____